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### **GRATITUDE**

#### **GLOSSARY**

1)Skeptical: Doubtful 4) Renowned: Famous

2)Devastated: Heartbroken 5)Philanthropist: Charity worker

3)Perspective: Point of view

## The Story of a Poor Farmer

There was once a poor farmer who lived in a small village. He worked hard every day to provide for his family, but no matter how hard he worked, he always seemed to struggle to make ends meet .One day, a wise old man came to the village and began to teach the villagers about the importance of gratitude. The poor farmer was skeptical at first, but he decided to listen to the old man's words.

The old man told the farmer that he should be grateful for everything he had, no matter how small it seemed. The farmer thought about this and realized that he did have many things to be grateful for. He had a loving family, a roof over his head, and food on the table. From that day on, the farmer made a conscious effort to practice gratitude. He started each day by thanking God for all the blessings in his life. He also made sure to thank his family and friends for their love and support .As the farmer practiced gratitude, he began to notice a change in his life. He felt more content and at peace, even in the midst of difficulties. He also started to notice the small blessings in life that he had previously overlooked. One day, the farmer's crops were destroyed by a severe storm. He was devastated and didn't know how he would provide for his family. But then he remembered the wise old man's words about gratitude.

He took a deep breath and started to thank God for the blessings he still had. He thanked him for his family's safety, for the roof over their head, and for the food they still had. As he practiced gratitude, he felt a sense of peace wash over him .The next day, the farmer's neighbours came to help him rebuild his farm. They worked together and were able to rebuild the farm in no time. The farmer was overwhelmed with gratitude for his neighbours' kindness. From that day on, the farmer continued to practice gratitude. He realized that gratitude was not just a feeling, but a choice. He chose to focus on the blessings in his life, rather than the difficulties.

The moral of the story is that gratitude can change our perspective and our lives. When we focus on the blessings in our lives, we begin to see the world in a different light. We become more content, more at peace, and more thankful for all that we have.

**Real life story of Sudha Murty: Sudha Murty**, a renowned Indian author, philanthropist, and chairperson of the Infosys Foundation, is an inspiration to millions of people around the world. Her life is a testament to the power of gratitude, hard work, and selfless service.

### **Early Life and Education**

Sudha Murty was born in 1950 in Shiggaon, Karnataka, India. She grew up in a traditional family and was educated at the B.V.B. College of Engineering and Technology in Hubli. After completing her engineering degree, Sudha worked as a development engineer at Tata Motors in Pune.

### **Marriage and Family**

In 1974, Sudha married Narayan Murty, the co-founder of Infosys. The couple has two children, Rohan and Akshata.

### **Philanthropy and Social Work**

Sudha's philanthropic work began in the 1990s, when she started working with the Infosys Foundation. The foundation focuses on education, healthcare, rural development, and disaster relief. Sudha's work with the foundation has made a significant impact on the lives of millions of people in India.

#### **Gratitude and Contentment**

Sudha's life is a shining example of gratitude and contentment. Despite her wealth and success, she remains humble and grounded. She believes that gratitude is essential for happiness and full fillment.

# Gratitude is essential for happiness

# QUESTION AND ANSWER

- 1. What motivated the poor farmer to practice gratitude?
- 2 What is Sudha Murty's background and education?
- 3 What is the importance of gratitude in Sudha Murty's life?
- 4 What is Sudha Murty's role in the Infosys Foundation?
- 5. What were some of the challenges faced by the farmer in his daily life?

# FILL IN THE BLANKS

<ol> <li>The poor farmer learned to prace</li> </ol>	ctice as a w	vay to improve his life.
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- 2. Sudha Murty was born in the year \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. The poor farmer lived in a small \_\_\_\_\_ with his family.
- 4. Sudha's life is a shining example of .

5. The farmer was \_\_\_\_\_for his neighbour's kindness .

# TRUE AND FALSE

- 1. The poor farmer was initially skeptical of the wise old man's teachings.
- 2. Sudha Murty is the chairperson of the Infosys Foundation
- 3. Practicing gratitude can have a positive impact on our relationships with others.
- 4. Sudha Murty's story is an inspiration to millions of people around the world.
- 5. The poor farmer was able to make a good living from his farm.

# REFLECTION EXERCISE

- 1) What are some things that you are grateful for in your life?
- 2) What are some ways that you can make a positive impact in your community?

### **COMMUNITY SERVICE**

#### **GLOSSARY**

1) Volunteering: Helping others for free

2) Profound: Thought full3) Persevered: Continued

### The Story of a Selfless Volunteer

In a small village, there lived a young woman named Rukmini. She was known throughout the village for her kindness and generosity. Rukmini spent most of her free time volunteering at the local community center, where she helped with various tasks such as cooking, cleaning, and teaching children. One day, a severe flood hit the village, leaving many families homeless and without access to basic necessities. Rukmini immediately sprang into action, organizing a team of volunteers to help with the relief efforts.

Together, they worked tirelessly to distribute food, clothing, and shelter to those in need. Rukmini also helped to establish a makeshift school for the children who had been displaced. As the days turned into weeks, Rukmini's selfless efforts began to inspire others in the village. More and more people started to volunteer, and soon the entire community was working together to rebuild and recover.

Thanks to Rukmini's leadership and dedication, the village was able to recover from the flood and emerge even stronger than before.

### The Story of Narayanan Krishnan

Narayanan Krishnan was born in 1981 in Madurai, Tamil Nadu, India. Growing up in a middle-class family, Narayanan was taught the importance of kindness, compassion, and community service from a young age. After completing his education, Narayanan worked as a chef in a five-star hotel in Bangalore. However, his life took a dramatic turn in 2003 when he witnessed an elderly man eating from a trash can. This sight shook Narayanan to the core, and he realized that he wanted to do something to help those in need. Narayanan quit his job as a chef and started a non-profit organization called Akshaya Trust. The trust's mission was to provide food, shelter, and medical care to the homeless, elderly, and mentally ill. Narayanan's work with Akshaya Trust was not without its challenges. He faced opposition from his family and friends, who thought he was crazy for giving up a lucrative career to help the poor. He also faced financial difficulties, as he had to rely on donations to fund his work. Despite these challenges, Narayanan persevered. He spent his days cooking meals for the homeless, providing medical care to those in need, and advocating for the rights of the

marginalized. Narayanan's work did not go unnoticed. In 2010, he was recognized as one of the CNN Heroes of the Year. This recognition brought international attention to his work, and he was able to secure more funding and support for Akshaya Trust.

# Selfless service to others is a fundamental aspect of community

QUESTION	<b>AND ANSWER</b>	
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- 1) What motivated Rukmini to help her community after the flood?
- 2) What values do Rukmini demonstrate in her actions?
- 3) What services does Akshaya Trust provide to the homeless and marginalized.
- 4) What challenges did Narayanan face in his work, and how did he overcome them?

# FILL IN THE BLANKS

- 1. Rukmini spent most of free time \_\_\_\_\_ at the local community centre.
- 2. Rukmini's \_\_\_\_\_ began to inspire others.
- 3. Narayanan Krishnan started Akshaya Trust in the year \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. Narayanan Krishnan's work with Akshaya Trust was recognized as \_\_\_\_\_ in 2010

# TRUE AND FALSE

- 1. Rukmini's efforts to help her community after the flood were motivated by a desire for personal recognition.
- 2. Showing kindness and compassion to others can have a positive impact on our own mental and emotional wellbeing.
- 3. The stories of Rukmini suggest that community service and kindness are only important in times of crisis.
- 4. Narayanan Krishnan was a doctor before he started Akshaya Trust.
- 5. Narayanan Krishnan belongs to a high class family.

# CRITICAL THINKING

You are working at a charity event and discover that some donations are being misused. What steps do you take?

### **NEVER HURT ANY ONE**

### **GLOSSARY**

1) Compassionate: Caring 3)Remorse: Guilt

2) Ruthlessness: Cruelty 4) Pseudonym: Fake name

5) Testament: Evidence

### **The Story Of Two Farmers**

There were two farmers, Raju and Kumar, who lived in the same village. They were both known for their kindness and generosity, but they had one major difference. Raju was always careful not to hurt anyone's feelings, while Kumar often spoke his mind without thinking about the consequences.

One day, a severe drought hit the village, and both farmers were struggling to find water for their crops. Raju, being the kind-hearted person he was, decided to share his limited water supply with Kumar. However, Kumar, in his haste, accidentally damaged Raju's water pump, causing him to lose even more water. Raju was devastated, but instead of getting angry, he calmly told Kumar, "It's okay, accidents happen. Let's work together to fix the pump and find a solution to our water problem." Kumar was deeply sorry for his mistake and promised to make it up to Raju. Together, they worked tirelessly to fix the pump and find new sources of water. Their kindness and forgiveness towards each other inspired the rest of the villagers, and soon, everyone was working together to overcome the drought.

### The Story of a Kind-Hearted King

Once upon a time, in a small kingdom, there lived a kind-hearted king named Raja. Raja was loved by his people for his compassion, empathy, and fairness. He always put the needs of his people before his own and made sure that everyone in his kingdom was happy and content. One day, a wise old man came to Raja's court and told him that he had a special gift for him. The old man handed Raja a small, delicate box and told him that it contained a magical crystal that would give him immense power and wisdom.

However, the old man warned Raja that the crystal came with a condition, he must never use it to hurt anyone, no matter how small or insignificant they may seem. Raja, being a kind and compassionate person, readily agreed to the condition and accepted the gift. As soon as Raja held the crystal in his hand, he felt a surge of energy and wisdom flow through him. He used the crystal's power to help his people, solving their problems and making their lives better. However, not everyone was happy with Raja's newfound power. A neighbouring king, who had always been jealous of Raja's kindness and popularity, began to

plot against him. The neighboring king, whose name was Malakai, was cruel and ruthless, and he saw Raja's power as a threat to his own dominance. Malakai began to spread rumours and lies about Raja, trying to turn his people against him. But Raja, with the help of the magical crystal, was able to see through Malakai's schemes and counter them with kindness and compassion. Despite Malakai's best efforts, Raja's people remained loyal to him, and his kingdom continued to prosper. Malakai, on the other hand, became increasingly isolated and alone, his cruelty and ruthlessness driving away even his own people. One day, Malakai, in a fit of rage and desperation, decided to attack Raja's kingdom with his army. But Raja, with the power of the magical crystal, was able to defend his kingdom without hurting anyone. Instead of fighting back, Raja used the crystal's power to create a force field that protected his people and his kingdom. Malakai's army was unable to penetrate the force field, and they were forced to retreat.

Malakai, realizing that he had been defeated, was filled with remorse and regret. He realized that his cruelty and ruthlessness had led to his downfall, and he begged Raja for forgiveness. Raja, being the kind and compassionate person that he was, forgave Malakai and invited him to his kingdom. Malakai was amazed by Raja's kindness and generosity, and he vowed to change his ways and become a better person. From that day on, Malakai became a close friend of Raja's, and the two kingdoms prospered together in peace and harmony.

### The Story of Malala Yousafzai

Malala Yousafzai is a Pakistani activist for girls education and the youngest Nobel Prize laureate. She was born on July 12, 1997, in Mingora, Swat Valley, Pakistan. Malala grew up in a region where the Taliban had banned girls from attending school. Despite the danger, Malala's father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, ran a school in Swat Valley and advocated for girls' education. Malala began speaking out against the Taliban's efforts to deny girls' education when she was just 11 years old. She wrote a blog for the BBC Urdu service under the pseudonym Gul Makai, advocating for girls education and criticizing the Taliban's efforts to suppress it. In 2012, Malala was shot by the Taliban while she was on her way to school. The attack sparked widespread outrage and protests across Pakistan and around the world. Despite the attempt on her life, Malala continued to advocate for girls education and became an international symbol of courage and resilience. She was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014, along with Indian children's rights activist Kailash Satyarthi.

Malala's story is a testament to the power of nonviolence and the importance of standing up for what is right, even in the face of danger and adversity.

Treat others the way you want to be treated.

# QUESTION AND ANSWER -

1) What were the main differences between Raju and Kumar's behaviour in the first story?

- 2). How did Raju's kindness and forgiveness towards Kumar impact their relationship and the rest of the villagers?
- 3) What was Malala's main goal in speaking out against the Taliban?
- 4) What can we learn from Malala's courage and determination in the face of adversity?
- 5) How did the king's kindness and compassion affect his kingdom?
- 6) What were the consequences of Malakai's hurtful actions?

# FILL IN THE BLANKS

- 1. The king's kindness and compassion created a \_\_\_\_\_ atmosphere in his kingdom.
- 2. Raju and Kumar both the farmers lived in same \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Malala Yousafzai was born in the Swat Valley of \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. Malala began speaking out against the Taliban's efforts to deny girls \_\_\_\_\_ when she was just 11 years old.
- 5 Raju's kindness and forgiveness towards Kumar inspired the rest of the \_\_\_\_\_\_.

# TRUE AND FALSE

- 1. The king used his power to hurt Malakai.
- 2. Malakai was a kind hearted king.
- 3. Malala was silenced by the Taliban's attempt on her life.
- 4. Malala's advocacy for girls education was limited to her local community.
- 5. The king refused to forgive Malakai.

### **ETHICAL DECISION MAKING**

#### **GLOSSARY**

Overjoyed: Delighted
 Dilemma: Problem

### The Story of Two Friends

Once upon a time, in a small village, there lived two friends named Rohan and Aryan. They were inseparable and did everything together. One day, while they were out exploring the woods, they stumbled upon a hidden treasure. The treasure was filled with gold coins, precious jewels, and other valuable items. Rohan, being the more greedy of the two, immediately suggested that they divide the treasure equally between themselves. Aryan, however, was hesitant. He knew that the treasure didn't belong to them, and that they should try to find its rightful owner .Rohan was adamant that they keep the treasure for themselves, and even threatened to end their friendship if Aryan didn't agree. Aryan, however, stood firm in his decision. He knew that keeping the treasure would be wrong, and that it would haunt him for the rest of his life .Days turned into weeks, and weeks turned into months. Rohan and Aryan's friendship began to drift apart. Rohan became increasingly consumed by his greed, while Aryan continued to search for the treasure's rightful owner. One day, Aryan finally discovered that the treasure belonged to a poor farmer who had lost it years ago. The farmer was overjoyed to be reunited with his treasure, and thanked Aryan for his honesty. Rohan, on the other hand, was filled with regret. He realized that his greed had cost him his friendship with Aryan, and that he had missed out on the opportunity to do something good.

### The Story of an Honest Businessman

Once upon a time, in a small town, there lived a businessman named Ramesh. Ramesh was known for his honesty and integrity, and his business had flourished as a result. One day, Ramesh received a large order from a new customer. The customer had paid a significant amount of money upfront, and Ramesh was eager to fulfill the order .However, just as Ramesh was about to start working on the order, he discovered that the customer had made a mistake in their payment. The customer had accidentally paid too much money, and Ramesh was now faced with a dilemma .Ramesh knew that he could easily keep the extra money for himself, but he also knew that it would be wrong. He decided to contact the customer and inform them of the mistake. The customer was grateful to Ramesh for his honesty, and they asked him to keep the extra money as a gesture of goodwill. However, Ramesh refused, saying that he couldn't keep something that didn't belong to him. The customer was impressed by Ramesh's integrity, and they decided to do more business with him. Ramesh's honesty had earned him the customer's trust, and his business continued to thrive.

### Harishchandra: The King Who Chose Truth Over Comfort

Harishchandra, an ancestor of Lord Rama, was just a noble king who ruled over Ayodhya. He was known for his truthfulness, honesty, and integrity. The king's commitment to truth was so strong that he took a vow to never tell a lie or go back on his word. One day, the sage Vishwamitra decided to test Harishchandra's resolve. Vishwamitra tricked the king into giving up his kingdom and all his possessions. Harishchandra, despite being tricked, gave up his kingdom with a smile and moved to the forest with his wife and son. However, the king still owed Vishwamitra a donation, known as Dakshina. To pay this debt, Harishchandra sold his wife into slavery and eventually joined the service of a Chandala, a person who managed the cremation grounds, to earn money. Throughout his struggles, Harishchandra remained committed to his values and continued to prioritize truth and integrity. His story serves as a powerful reminder of the importance of ethical decision making, even in the face of adversity. This story highlights the importance of staying true to one's values and principles, even when faced with difficult choices. Harishchandra's commitment to truth and integrity is an inspiration to us all, and his story serves as a reminder of the importance of ethical decision making in our personal and professional lives. He demonstrated his commitment to ethical decision making.

Do	the	right	thing,	even	when	it's	difficult
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# QUESTION AND ANSWER

- 1. What was the main ethical dilemma faced by Aryan in the first story?
- 2. How did Ramesh's commitment to honesty impact his business in the second story?
- 3. How can we apply the lessons from these stories to our own lives and decision-making processes?
- 4. What was Harishchandra's greatest virtue, and how did it impact his life?
- 5. What were the main differences in personality traits of two friends in the first story?
- 6. What challenges did Harishchandra face as a result of his vow to always tell the truth?

# FILL IN THE BLANKS

1. Harishchandra's greatest virtue was his commitment to				
2. Ramesh was known for his and	·			
3. As a result of his vow, Harishchandra had to	his kingdom and possessions.			
4. Aryan's decision to return the treasure to its rightfu commitment to	l owner demonstrated his			
5. Ramesh's honesty in the second story earned him th	he of his customers.			

6. Harishchandra's story teaches us that \_\_\_\_\_\_ is essential for building trust and respect.

# TRUE AND FALSE -

- 1. Harishchandra was a wealthy king who lived a life of luxury.
- 2 Harishchandra's vow to always tell the truth led to his downfall.
- 3. Aryan decided to keep the treasure for himself in the first story.
- 4. Ramesh returned the extra money to the customer in the second story.
- 5. Harishchandra's experiences demonstrate the importance of prioritizing personal gain over ethical considerations.

# **GROUP DISCUSSION EXERCISE: Divide into small groups and discuss the following questions:**

- What are some common ethical dilemmas that we face in our daily lives?
- How can we apply the lessons from Harishchandra's story to our own lives and decision-making?

### **CO-OPERATION**

#### **GLOSSARY**

Entrepreneur: Self starter

Collaboration: Partnership

## The Story of Four Blind Men

Once upon a time, in a small village, there lived four blind men who were very good friends. One day, they heard about an elephant that had come to their village. They were curious to know what an elephant looked like, so they decided to go and explore .Each of the four blind men touched a different part of the elephant's body. The first blind man touched the elephant's side and said, "An elephant is like a wall." The second blind man touched the elephant's tusk and said, "An elephant is like a spear." The third blind man touched the elephant's trunk and said, "An elephant is like a snake." The fourth blind man touched the elephant's leg and said, "An elephant is like a tree". The four blind men were confused and argued with each other, each one insisting that their description was correct. They decided to seek the help of a wise old man who lived in the village. The wise old man listened to their descriptions and then said, "Each of you is correct, but you are also incorrect. An elephant is not just one thing, it is many things. It is like a wall, a spear, a snake, and a tree all at once". The four blind men realized that they had been foolish to argue with each other. They learned that by working together and sharing their knowledge, they could gain a deeper understanding of the world.

### The Story of Ants and a Grasshopper

Once upon a time, in a small meadow, there lived a group of ants who worked together to build a cozy underground nest. They spent all summer gathering food and storing it away for the winter. Meanwhile, a grasshopper spent the summer singing and playing, without preparing for the winter. When the winter came, the grasshopper had no food and was forced to beg the ants for help. The ants, who had worked so hard to prepare for the winter, were unwilling to help the grasshopper. They told him that he should have thought about the winter when he had the chance. The grasshopper was forced to spend the winter alone and hungry, while the ants enjoyed the fruits of their labour.

### The Story of Tulsi Tanti

Tulsi Tanti is an Indian entrepreneur who founded Suzlon Energy, one of the largest wind turbine manufacturers in the world. Tanti's journey to success was not easy, but it is a testament to the power of cooperation and collaboration. Tanti grew up in a small village in Gujarat, India. He was born into a family of modest means, but his parents encouraged him to pursue his dreams. Tanti studied engineering and began his career in the textile

industry. However, Tanti's true passion was renewable energy. He was convinced that wind power could be a game-changer for India's energy needs. In 1995, Tanti founded Suzlon Energy with a small group of investors. Tanti's vision for Suzlon Energy was not just to manufacture wind turbines, but to create a sustainable energy ecosystem. He worked closely with farmers, communities, and governments to identify suitable locations for wind farms and to develop infrastructure for wind energy. together with stakeholders, Suzlon Energy could create value for everyone involved. Today, Suzlon Energy is one of the largest wind turbine manufacturers in the world. Tanti's vision for a sustainable energy ecosystem has inspired a new generation of entrepreneurs and policymakers.

# United we stand, divided we fall

# QUESTION AND ANSWER

- 1. What is the main theme of the story of the four blind men?
- 2. How did the ants in the story of the ants and the grasshopper demonstrate cooperation and hard work?
- 3. What was Tulsi Tanti's vision for Suzlon Energy, and how did he achieve it through cooperation and collaboration?
- 4. How can we apply the lessons from these stories to our own lives and communities?

# FILL IN THE BLANKS

- 1. The four blind men in the first story learned that by working together and sharing their knowledge, they could gain a deeper understanding of the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. The ants in the second story demonstrated cooperation and hard work by working together to build a cozy underground \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Tulsi Tanti's vision for Suzlon Energy was to create a sustainable \_\_\_\_\_ ecosystem.
- 4. The grasshopper was \_\_\_\_\_\_ to spend the winter alone.
- 5. In year \_\_\_\_\_Tanti founded Suzlon energy with a small group of investors .

# TRUE AND FALSE

- 1. The four blind men in the first story were able to describe the elephant accurately on their own.
- 2. The grasshopper in the second story was prepared for the winter.
- 3. Tulsi Tanti founded Suzlon Energy without any collaboration or cooperation from others.

### **ACCEPTANCE**

#### **GLOSSARY**

1)Arrogance: Pride 3)Skepticism: Uncertainty

2) Embracing: Welcoming 4) Ridicule: Mock

### The Blind Man and the Painter

In a small village, there lived a blind man named Kumar. Kumar was a kind and gentle soul who was loved by everyone in the village. One day, a painter named Rohan came to the village. Rohan was known for his beautiful paintings, but he was also known for his arrogance. Rohan looked down on Kumar because of his blindness. He believed that Kumar's disability made him inferior. Kumar, however, did not let Rohan's attitude affect him. Instead, he chose to focus on his own strengths and abilities . One day, Rohan decided to paint a portrait of the most beautiful person in the village. He searched high and low, but he couldn't find anyone who he thought was worthy of his art. Kumar, who was sitting by the river, heard Rohan's frustrated sighs and asked him what was wrong .Rohan told Kumar about his search for the most beautiful person in the village. Kumar smiled and said, "Beauty is not just about physical appearance. It's about the beauty within." Rohan was taken aback by Kumar's words. He realized that he had been focusing on the wrong things. He asked Kumar if he could paint his portrait. Kumar agreed, and Rohan set to work. As he painted, he realized that Kumar's inner beauty was far more radiant than any physical beauty he had ever seen. The painting was finished, and it was the most beautiful thing Rohan had ever created. The villagers gathered around to admire the painting, and they were all amazed by Kumar's inner beauty. Rohan apologized to Kumar for his earlier behaviour and asked for his forgiveness. Kumar forgave Rohan and told him that he had learned a valuable lesson about acceptance.

### The Ugly Duckling

In a small pond, a mother duck sat on her eggs, waiting for them to hatch. One of the eggs was larger than the others, and when it hatched, the mother duck was shocked to see that her new duckling was ugly. The other ducklings were yellow and fluffy, but this one was grey and awkward. The mother duck tried to care for the ugly duckling, but the other ducklings teased and rejected him. The ugly duckling was heartbroken. He didn't understand why he was different from the others. He tried to fit in, but no matter how hard he tried, he was always rejected. One day, the ugly duckling decided to leave the pond and find a new home. He wandered for days, feeling sad and alone. But then one day, he saw a group of swans on a lake. As he watched them, he realized that he was one of them. He was a swan, not a duck. The other swans welcomed him with open wings, and the ugly duckling finally

felt like he belonged. The moral of the story is that acceptance is about embracing our differences and finding our place in the world. It's about recognizing that everyone has something unique to offer, and that our differences are what make us beautiful.

### **INSPIRATIONAL STORY: WILFRED RHODES**

One inspiring story of acceptance in cricket is that of Wilfred Rhodes, an English cricketer who played in the late 19th and early 20th centuries. Rhodes was a slow left-arm orthodox spin bowler who took 4,184 wickets in his first-class career, a record that stood for over 70 years. What's remarkable about Rhodes story is that he was a coal miner before becoming a professional cricketer. Despite his humble beginnings and lack of formal education, Rhodes was accepted into the cricketing world and went on to become one of the greatest bowlers of all time. Rhodes acceptance into the cricketing elite was not without its challenges. He faced skepticism and even ridicule from some of his teammates and opponents, who doubted his ability to succeed at the highest level. However, Rhodes persevered and proved his doubters wrong, earning the respect and admiration of his peers. Rhodes story is a testament to the power of acceptance and inclusion in sports. Despite the social and cultural barriers that he faced, Rhodes was able to overcome them and achieve greatness through his hard work and determination. His legacy continues to inspire cricketers and sports fans around the world.

	Acceptance promotes personal growth
QUESTI	ON AND ANSWER

- 1 How did Wilfred Rhodes humble beginnings affect his acceptance into the cricketing world?
- 2. What challenges did Rhodes face in his cricketing career, and how did he overcome them?
- 3. How did the blind man's perspective on beauty differ from the painter's?
- 4. What challenges did the ugly duckling face because of his appearance?
- 5. What lessons can we learn from the two stories about acceptance and self-worth?

# FILL IN THE BLANKS

- 1. The blind man's definition of beauty was based on \_\_\_\_\_ rather than physical appearance.
- 2. The painter's perception of beauty was limited by his sight.
- 3. The ugly duckling's transformation into a swan was a symbol of his \_\_\_\_\_ growth and self-acceptance.
- 4. Rhodes took \_\_\_\_\_ wickets in his first-class career.

5. Rhodes story is a \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the power of acceptance and inclusion in sports.

# TRUE AND FALSE



- 1. Wilfred Rhodes was a fast bowler.
- 2. Rhodes was accepted into the cricketing world without any challenges.
- 3. Rhodes humble beginnings held him back from achieving success
- 4. The blind man was unable to appreciate beauty because of his disability.
- 5. The ugly duckling was rejected by his family and peers because of his appearance.

# **Reflection Exercise**

- 1. Think about a time when you felt like you didn't fit in or were judged because of your appearance. How did you feel, and how did you overcome the challenge?
- 2. What can we learn from the blind man's perspective on beauty about the importance of inner beauty and character?

### **PERSEVERANCE**

#### **GLOSSARY**

1)Persistence: Determination 2) Cosmologist: Space scientist

3) Bustling: busy, active

### The Tale of the Bamboo Tree

A man planted a bamboo tree in his backyard and watered it every day. But no matter how much he watered it, the tree did not grow. Three years passed, and the man continued to water the tree, but it still did not grow. One day, a wise old man came to visit the man and saw the bamboo tree. He asked the man why he continued to water the tree when it did not seem to be growing. The man replied that he had faith that the tree would eventually grow. The wise old man smiled and said, "The bamboo tree is like life itself. It requires patience and persistence. Just as the tree needs time to grow, we need time to achieve our goals and realize our dreams". The man continued to water the tree, and five years later, it suddenly began to grow. In just six weeks, the tree grew to be over 90 feet tall. The man realized that the tree had been growing underground all along, developing a strong root system that allowed it to grow rapidly once it reached the surface.

### The Story of the Small Ant

A small ant lived in a big bustling city. One day, the ant decided that it wanted to move a large crumb from one side of the city to the other. The ant knew that it would be a difficult task, but it was determined to succeed. So, it began to push the crumb, little by little, across the city. As the ant pushed the crumb, it encountered many obstacles, including steep hills, busy streets, and hungry birds. But the ant persevered, using its small size and agility to navigate the challenges. Finally, after many days of pushing, the ant reached its destination and successfully moved the crumb to the other side of the city. The moral of the story is that even the smallest creatures can achieve great things with perseverance and determination.

### The Story of Stephen Hawking

Stephen Hawking was a brilliant physicist and cosmologist who was diagnosed with a motor neuron disease at the age of 21. Despite being given just two years to live, Hawking defied the odds and lived for more than 50 years with the disease. Despite his physical disability, Hawking continued to work tirelessly, producing ground breaking research and writing bestselling books. He also travelled the world, giving lectures and inspiring millions of people with his story. Hawking's perseverance and determination were inspiring, and he

became a symbol of hope for people around the world. He showed that even in the face of adversity, it is possible to achieve greatness with hard work, determination, and a never-give-up attitude. Hawking's story teaches us that perseverance is not just about achieving success, but also about living life to the fullest, despite the challenges we may face.

# Perseverance requires patience and self-discipline

# QUESTION AND ANSWER

- 1. What is the main theme that runs through all three stories?
- 2. How does the bamboo tree's growth relate to the concept of perseverance?
- 3. What obstacles did the small ant face in its journey to move the crumb?
- 4. How did Stephen Hawking's physical disability affect his career and personal life?
- 5. What lessons can we learn from the three stories about perseverance and determination?

### FILL IN THE BLANKS

- 1. The bamboo tree's growth required \_\_\_\_\_ and patience.
- 2. The small ant decided that it wanted to move a \_\_\_\_\_from one side of the city to the other .
- 3. Stephen Hawking's perseverance and determination inspired \_\_\_\_\_ of people around the world.
- 4. Hawking was diagnosed with a \_\_\_\_\_\_disease .
- 5. The bamboo tree, the small ant, and Stephen Hawking all demonstrate the importance of in achieving success.

# TRUE AND FALSE

- 1. The bamboo tree grew rapidly from the moment it was planted.
- 2. The small ant was able to move the crumb in a single day.
- 3. Stephen Hawking gave up on his career after being diagnosed with a motor neuron disease.
- 4. Perseverance is necessary only for achieving success in our personal lives.
- 5. Hawking's story teaches us that perseverance is just about achieving success.

### **Chapter-8**

#### RESPECTING RELIGION

#### **GLOSSARY**

1)Grandeur :Glory3) Meditating: Reconciling2)Serenity: Peace ,calm4) Predominantly :Primarily

### The Story of Three Travellers

Once upon a time, three travellers from different religious backgrounds were on a journey together. One was a Hindu, one was a Muslim, and one was a Christian. As they travelled, they came across a beautiful temple, a mosque, and a church.

The Hindu traveller wanted to visit the temple, the Muslim traveller wanted to visit the mosque, and the Christian traveller wanted to visit the church. But instead of separating, they decided to visit each other's places of worship together. As they visited each place, they learned about the different customs and traditions of each religion. They saw the beauty of the temple, the grandeur of the mosque, and the serenity of the church. The travellers realized that despite their differences, they shared a common humanity. They saw that each religion had its own unique beauty and wisdom. And they learned to respect and appreciate each other's faiths. From that day on, the three travellers became close friends, united in their respect for each other's religions. They continued to travel together, learning about different cultures and faiths, and spreading a message of tolerance and understanding.

### The Story of an Old Man and the Temple

There was once an old man who lived in a small village. He was a devout follower of his faith and spent most of his days praying and meditating. One day, a group of villagers from a different faith came to the village and wanted to build a place of worship. The old man was initially hesitant, but then he realized that everyone had the right to practice their own faith. The old man not only allowed the villagers to build their place of worship, but he also helped them in the construction process. He believed that respecting other people's faiths was an important part of his own faith. As the place of worship was being built, the old man would often visit the site and offer his blessings. He would also invite the villagers from the other faith to visit his temple and share in his prayers. The old man's actions inspired the villagers, and soon the whole village was united in their respect for each other's faiths. The old man's selflessness and tolerance had brought peace and harmony to the village.

### Real - Life Inspirational Story: The story of Abdul Ghaffar Khan

Abdul Ghaffar Khan, also known as the "Frontier Gandhi," was a Pashtun independence activist from India. He was a devout Muslim, but he believed in the importance of respecting all faiths. Khan was a close friend and follower of Mahatma Gandhi, and he worked closely with him during the Indian Independence Movement. Despite being a Muslim in a predominantly Hindu movement, Khan was respected and admired by his peers for his commitment to non-violence and his respect for all faiths. Khan's message of peace and tolerance inspired millions of people across India, and he played a key role in promoting interfaith understanding and respect. He believed that respecting other people's faiths was essential for building a harmonious and peaceful society. Khan's legacy continues to inspire people around the world, and his commitment to respecting all faiths remains an important part of his message.

Respect for other faiths is a sign of strength, not weakness:

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- 1. What is the main theme that runs through all three stories?
- 2. How did the three travellers in the first story learn to respect each other's faiths?
- 3. What did the old man in the second story do to promote respect for other faiths in his village?
- 4. How did Abdul Ghaffar Khan promote interfaith understanding and respect during the Indian independence movement?
- 5. What lessons can we learn from the three stories about respecting other people's faiths?

### FILL IN THE BLANKS

- 1. The three travellers in the first story learned to respect each other's faiths by visiting each other's \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. The old man in the second story promoted respect for other faiths in his village by helping the villagers from the other faith build a \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Abdul Ghaffar Khan was a devout \_\_\_\_\_ who believed in promoting interfaith understanding and respect.
- 4. Respecting other people's faiths requires \_\_\_\_\_ and empathy.
- 5. Abdul Ghaffar Khan was also known as .

# TRUE AND FALSE —

1. The three travellers in the first story were from the same faith background.

- 2. The old man in the second story refused to allow the villagers from the other faith to build a place of worship.
- 3. Abdul Ghaffar Khan was a Hindu leader during the Indian independence movement.
- 4. Respecting other people's faiths means compromising one's own faith.
- 5. Education is essential for promoting understanding and respect for different faiths.

# **Case Study Exercise**

Imagine that you are a leader in a community where there are people from different faith backgrounds. How would you promote respect and understanding among the different faith communities?

### **RETURN FAVOURS**

#### **GLOSSARY**

1)Overwhelmed:Burdened

2) Rehabilitation: Recovery Rebuilding

### The Kindness of a Stranger

Rahul was a young professional who had just moved to a new city for work. He was struggling to find a place to live and was feeling overwhelmed by the stress of it all. One day, while he was out looking for apartments, he met a kind stranger named Mrs. Kumar. She offered to help him find a place to live and even invited him to stay with her family until he got settled. Rahul was touched by Mrs. Kumar's kindness and generosity. He promised to return the favour someday. Months went by, and Rahul found a job and a place to live. He never forgot Mrs. Kumar's kindness and always looked for ways to repay her. Years later, Rahul was in a position to help Mrs. Kumar's son, who was looking for a job in Rahul's industry. Rahul went out of his way to help the young man, introducing him to his network and even offering him an internship at his company. Mrs. Kumar was overjoyed and thanked Rahul for returning her kindness. Rahul's story is a reminder that kindness and generosity can come full circle. When we return favours, we not only show our gratitude but also create a ripple effect of kindness that can impact many lives.

### The Favour That Changed a Life

Alex was a struggling artist who was working multiple jobs to make ends meet. One day, he met a successful businessman named Michael, who offered to mentor him and introduce him to his network. Michael's guidance and support helped Alex to launch his career as an artist, and he soon found himself exhibiting his work in galleries and museums. Years later, Alex received a call from Michael, who was going through a tough time in his personal life. Michael's wife was ill, and he was struggling to care for her and manage his business at the same time. Alex immediately offered to return the favour, using his artistic skills to create a series of paintings that Michael could sell to raise funds for his wife's medical treatment. The paintings were a huge success, and Michael was able to raise the funds he needed to care for his wife. He was deeply grateful to Alex for returning the favour and helping him in his time of need. Alex's story is a reminder that returning favours can have a profound impact on people's lives. When we show our gratitude and return kindness, we can create a chain reaction of good deeds that can change the world.

### Real -Life Cricketer Story: AB De Villiers

AB de Villiers is a South African cricketer who is widely regarded as one of the greatest batsmen of all time. In 2015, de Villiers was struggling with a series of injuries that had kept him out of the game for several months. During this time, he received a call from his friend and former teammate, Jacques Kallis, who offered to help him with his rehabilitation.

Kallis, who had himself struggled with injuries throughout his career, spent countless hours with de Villiers, helping him to regain his strength and fitness. De Villiers was deeply grateful to Kallis for his support and guidance, and he has often spoken about the debt of gratitude he owes to his friend, de Villiers had the opportunity to return the favour when Kallis was struggling to come to terms with his retirement from cricket. De Villiers reached out to Kallis and offered him a role as a batting consultant for the South African team. Kallis was grateful for the opportunity, and he has since gone on to become one of the most respected coaches in the game. De Villiers' story is a reminder that even in the high-pressure world of professional sports, kindness and generosity can make a real difference. When we return favour and show our gratitude, we can create strong bonds and lasting relationships that can benefit us for the rest of ourlives.

# Reciprocity strengthens relationships.

# QUESTION AND ANSWER

- 1. What is the common theme that runs through the three stories?
- 2. How did Rahul return the favour to Mrs. Kumar?
- 3. What role did Michael play in Alex's life, and how did Alex return the favour?
- 4. How did Jacques Kallis help AB de Villiers, and how did de Villiers return the favour?
- 5. What lesson can we learn from these stories about the importance of returning favours?

### TRUE AND FALSE -

- 1. Rahul forgot about Mrs. Kumar's kindness and never returned the favour.
- 2. Alex's paintings were not successful in raising funds for Michael's wife's medical treatment.
- 3. AB de Villiers did not have the opportunity to return the favour to Jacques Kallis.
- 4. Alex was a succeeding artist who was working multiple jobs to make ends meet.
- 5. Returning favour is only important in personal relationships, not in professional ones.

# FILL IN THE BLANKS

<ol> <li>Rahul returned the favour to Mrs. Kumar by helping her</li> </ol>
2. Alex's paintings were sold to raise funds for Michael's wife's
3. AB de Villiers is a cricketer who is widely regarded as one of the greatest batsman.
4. The three stories demonstrate the importance of in our relationships.
5. Returning favour can create a of kindness and generosity.

# REFFLECTION EXERCISE

- 1. Think about a time when someone did something kind for you. How did you feel, and how did you return the favour?
- 2. What are some ways that you can return favour in your personal and professional relationships?

### **BREAKING DOWN BARRIERS**

#### **GLOSSARY**

**Prejudices: Discrimination** 

### The Story of Two Villages

There were two villages, one on either side of a river. The villagers on one side were from a different caste and community than the villagers on the other side. For generations, the two villages had been separated by the river and by their own prejudices and biases. One day, a severe flood hit the area, and the river began to overflow. The villagers on both sides were in danger of losing their homes and livelihoods. But instead of helping each other, they stood on opposite banks, each thinking that the other was to blame for the flood.

Just then, a wise old man appeared on the scene. He saw the villagers standing on opposite banks, refusing to help each other. He knew that he had to do something to break down the barriers between them. Old man began to speak to the villagers, telling them that they were all human beings, regardless of their caste or community. He reminded them that they were all in danger together and that they needed to help each other to survive. Slowly but surely, the villagers began to listen to the old man. They started to work together, using their combined skills and resources to build a barrier to stop the floodwaters. As they worked together, the villagers began to realize that they were not so different after all. They began to see each other as fellow human beings, rather than as members of different castes or communities .From that day on, the two villages were no longer separated by their prejudices .They became one community, working together and helping each other in times of need.

### The Story of a Blind Girl

There was once a blind girl who lived in a small village. She was very intelligent and curious, but she was also very lonely. The other children in the village would often tease her and exclude her from their games .One day, a wise old teacher came to the village. She saw the blind girl sitting alone and decided to go and talk to her. The teacher asked the girl what she wanted to do with her life, and the girl replied that she wanted to learn and explore the world. The teacher was impressed by the girl's determination and decided to help her. She began to teach the girl Braille and took her on walks around the village, describing the sights and sounds to her. As the girl learned and grew, she began to break down the barriers that had separated her from the other children. She started to make friends and participate in games and activities. The other children in the village learned to see beyond the girl's blindness and to appreciate her unique perspective and abilities. They realized that everyone has something special to offer, regardless of their physical abilities.

### Real-Life Inspirational Story: The Story of Arunima Sinha

Arunima Sinha is an Indian mountaineer who was born in 1988 in Ambedkar Nagar, Uttar Pradesh. She was a national-level volleyball player, but her life took a dramatic turn in 2011 when she was pushed off a train by thieves.

Arunima suffered severe injuries, including the amoutation of her left leg below the knee. But despite her disability, she refused to give up on her dreams. She began to learn how to climb mountains with a prosthetic leg and went on to become the first amputee to climb Mount Everest in 2013.

Arunima's achievement broke down barriers for people with disabilities and inspired millions of Indians to pursue their dreams, regardless of their physical limitations. She showed that with determination and hard work, anything is possible, even for those who may seem to be at a disadvantage.

Breaking down barriers creates a better world

### QUESTION AND ANSWER



- 1. What is the main theme that runs through all three stories?
- 2. How did the wise old man in the first story help to break down barriers between the two villages?
- 3. What challenges did the blind girl in the second story face, and how did she overcome them?
- 4. How did Arunima Sinha's achievement inspire others and break down barriers for people with disabilities?
- 5. What lessons can we learn from the three stories about perseverance, determination, and breaking down barriers?

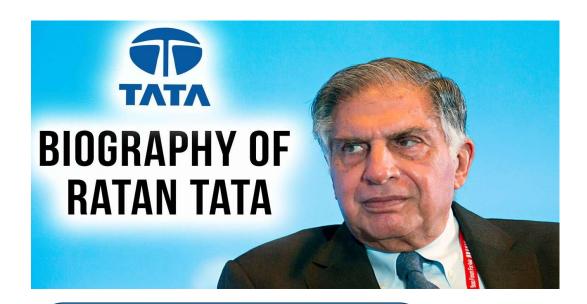
# TRUE AND FALSE

- 1. The two villages in the first story were separated by a river, but not by any cultural or social barriers.
- 2. The blind girl in the second story was unable to participate in games and activities with the other children.
- 3. Arunima Sinha's prosthetic leg held her back from climbing Mount Everest.
- 4. Breaking down barriers requires external changes, rather than internal changes.
- 5. Arunima Sinha is an Indian mountaineer who was born in 1999 in Ambedkar Nagar.

# FILL IN THE BLANKS —

villages by
2. The blind girl in the second story learned to and participate in games and activities with the other children.
3. Arunima Sinha's achievement inspired others and broke down barriers for people with
4. Breaking down barriers requires and understanding.
5. Perseverance and determination are essential for achieving and breaking down barriers.

### **RATAN TATA: THE LEGEND**



1)Conglomerates: Corporation, empire

2)Acquisition: Take over

3) Philanthropy: charity

4) Alleviation: Relief, comfort

Ratan Tata is a renowned Indian businessman, investor, and philanthropist. He is best known for his leadership as the chairman of the Tata Group, one of India's largest and most respected business conglomerates.

### **Early Life and Education**

Ratan Tata was born on December 28, 1937, in Bombay (new Mumbai), India. He is the son of Naval Tata and Soonoo Tata. Ratan Tata's great-grandfather, Jamsetji Tata, founded the Tata Group in 1868. Tata studied at the Cathedral and John Connon School in Mumbai and later at the Riverdale Country School in New York. He graduated from Cornell University in 1959 with a degree in architecture.

#### Career

Ratan Tata joined the Tata Group in 1962 and worked his way up the ranks. He became the chairman of Tata Industries in 1981 and later the chairman of the Tata Group in 1991. During his tenure, Tata expanded the group's businesses and transformed it into a global conglomerate. He oversaw the acquisition of several international companies, including Tetley Tea, Jaguar Land Rover, and Corus Steel. Tata is credited with modernizing

the Tata Group and making it more competitive in the global market. He also emphasized the importance of corporate social responsibility and philanthropy.

#### **Awards and Honours**

Ratan Tata has received numerous awards and honours for his contributions to business and philanthropy. Some of his notable awards include:

- Padma Vibhushan (2008), India's second-highest civilian honour
- Padma Bhushan (2000), India's third-highest civilian honour
- Honorary Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire (2009)
- Lifetime Achievement Award at the Forbes India Leadership Awards (2012)

### **Philanthropy**

Ratan Tata is a committed philanthropist and has donated to various causes throughout his career. He has supported education, healthcare, and poverty alleviation initiatives, among others. Tata has also established the Tata Trusts, which oversee the philanthropic activities of the Tata Group. The trusts have made significant contributions to various social and economic development projects in India.

#### **Personal Life**

Ratan Tata is known for his humble and low-key personality. He is a bachelor and has dedicated his life to his work and philanthropy. Tata is a car enthusiast and has a collection of vintage cars. He is also a licensed pilot and enjoys flying in his free time.

### Legacy

Ratan Tata's legacy is that of a visionary business leader and philanthropist. He has transformed the Tata Group into a global conglomerate and has made significant contributions to Indian society through his philanthropic efforts.

Tata's commitment to corporate social responsibility and philanthropy has inspired a new generation of business leaders in India. He continues to be involved in various philanthropic initiatives and is widely respected for his wisdom and leadership.

"Legends are not born, they are made by their actions and achievements." -

# QUESTION AND ANSWER -

- 1. What are some of the key qualities that made Ratan Tata a successful business leader?
- 2. Write about Ratan Tata's awards and honours.
- 3. How did Ratan Tata handle challenges and setbacks during his career, and what can we learn from his approach?

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4. Write a short note on Ratan Tata's personal life.

### TRUE AND FALSE

- 1. Ratan Tata was the founder of the Tata Group.
- 2. Ratan Tata was a charismatic leader who was known for his aggressive business tactics.
- 3. Ratan Tata is known for his humble and low-key personality.
- 4. Ratan Tata's leadership style was autocratic and dictatorial.
- 5. Tata is a car enthusiast and has a collection of vintage cars.

# FILL IN THE BLANKS

Group into a global business conglomerate.

<ol> <li>Ratan Tata is credited with transforming to conglomerate.</li> </ol>	the Tata Group into a business
2. Ratan Tata is a renowned Indian	, investor and
3. Ratan Tata joined the Tata group in year _	·
4. Ratan Tata's legacy is that of a	business leader who transformed the Tata

# Creative Expression Exercise

Write a short story or script that explores the theme of leadership and business, using Ratan Tata as a role model.

### Chapter-12

### **NEERJA BHANOT: THE WARRIOR**



1)Posthumously: After death

2)Comrades: Partners

### **Early Life and Education**

Neerja Bhanot was born on September 7, 1963, in Chandigarh, India. She was the daughter of Harish Bhanot, a Mumbai-based businessman, and Rama Bhanot, a homemaker. Neerja had two brothers, Akhil and Aneesh. She studied at the Sacred Heart Senior Secondary School in Chandigarh and later at the Bombay Scottish School in Mumbai.

### Career

Neerja began her career as a model and appeared in several television commercials and print ads. In 1985, she joined Pan Am as a flight purser and was trained in Miami. Neerja was known for her exceptional service skills, her warm smile, and her ability to remain calm under pressure.

### The Hijacking

On September 5, 1986, Neerja was on board Pan Am Flight 73, which had stopped in Karachi, Pakistan, en route from Mumbai to New York. The flight was hijacked by four Palestinian terrorists, who demanded the release of their comrades from Israeli prisons. Neerja quickly alerted the pilots, who escaped through an overhead hatch. She then took charge of the situation, hiding the passports of American passengers and helping other passengers escape through an emergency exit.

### **Bravery and Sacrifice**

Neerja's bravery and selflessness that day were remarkable. She continued to help passengers even after the hijackers had begun to terrorize them. When the hijackers asked her to collect the passports of the passengers, Neerja hide the passports of the American passengers, knowing that they would be targeted. She also helped several passengers escape through an emergency exit.

### **Death and Legacy**

Tragically, Neerja was shot and killed by the hijackers while trying to save the lives of others. Her actions that day saved the lives of 340 people, and she was posthumously awarded the Ashoka Chakra, India's highest peacetime gallantry award. Neerja's bravery and selflessness have inspired countless people around the world, and she is remembered as a hero and a symbol of courage and compassion.

### **Tributes and Recognition**

Neerja's bravery and sacrifice have been recognized and honoured in many ways. In 1987, she was posthumously awarded the Ashoka Chakra, India's highest peacetime gallantry award. In 2004, she was awarded the Tamgha-e-Insaniyat (Medal of Humanity) by the Pakistan government. In 2016, a biographical film called "Neerja" was released, which tells the story of her life and bravery. The film was a critical and commercial success, and it helped to keep Neerja's memory alive.

#### **Personal Life**

Neerja was married to Naresh Mishra, but the marriage was short-lived and ended in divorce. She was known to be close to her family, particularly her mother, Rama. Neerja was also a fashion enthusiast and loved to travel.

"A true warrior is not just about winning, but about living with purpose, honour, and integrity."

# QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

- 1. What were some of Neerja Bhanot's key personality traits that helped her during the hijacking?
- 2. How did Neerja's actions during the hijacking save the lives of the passengers?
- 3. What award did Neerja receive posthumously for her bravery?
- 4. Write a short note on Neerja Bhanot's career.
- 5. What lessons can we learn from Neerja's story?

# TRUE AND FALSE

- 1. Neerja Bhanot was a pilot on the hijacked flight.
- 2. Neerja hide the passports of American passengers to prevent them from being targeted.
- 3. Neerja was married at the time of the hijacking.

- 4. Neerja received the Ashoka Chakra award while she was still alive.
- 5. Neerja's actions during the hijacking saved the lives of all the passengers.

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1. Neer	ja Bhanot was Born on	in Chandigarh India.
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- 2. The hijacking of Pan Am Flight 73 occurred on \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Neerja's actions during the hijacking saved the lives of people.
- 4. In 2004, Neerja was awarded\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the Pakistan Government.
- 5. Neerja was married to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

# REFLECTION EXERCISE



- 1. Think about a time when you faced a difficult situation. How did you respond?
- 2. What are some qualities that you admire about Neerja Bhanot?